

Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Los Rios Community College District



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## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Trustees Los Rios Community College District Sacramento, California

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Los Rios Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 13 and other required supplementary schedules on pages 62 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information listed in the table of content are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Sailly LLP

December 5, 2022

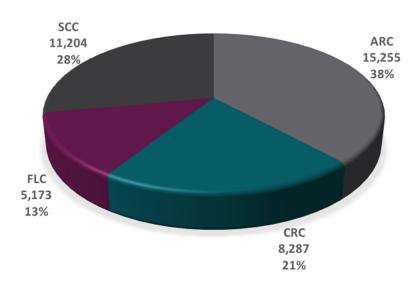
#### **DISTRICT BACKGROUND**

The Los Rios Community College District (the District) was formed in 1965 as a result of the consolidation of ten separate K-12 "feeder" districts. The District initially consisted of two colleges: Sacramento City College (SCC), founded in 1916, and American River College (ARC), founded in 1955. Cosumnes River College (CRC) was established in 1970 to serve the southern portion of the District and in 2004 Folsom Lake College (FLC) achieved college status. The District also includes six education centers in Davis, El Dorado, Elk Grove, Natomas, Rancho Cordova, and West Sacramento.

With over 65,000 students enrolled during our primary terms, the District is the second-largest community college district in California and one of the largest in the nation. The District, covering approximately 2,440 square miles, includes most of Sacramento and El Dorado Counties and parts of Yolo, Placer, and Solano Counties.

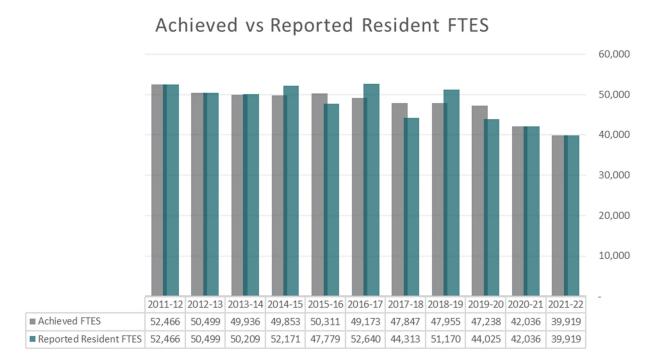
# DISTRICT ENROLLMENT BY COLLEGE

**FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT STUDENTS (FTES) 2021-22** 



#### **ATTENDANCE**

The District's achieved attendance decreased 5% in the current year compared to prior year. The decrease in attendance is attributed to the continued uncertainty of COVID-19. The District's enrollment trends are consistent with most districts in the State.



## **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (explained)**

The District follows the financial reporting standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the District's financial position and activities. The MD&A, prepared by District management, should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. The purpose of the basic financial statements is to summarize the District's financial status as a whole and to present a long-term view of the District's finances.

The basic financial statements include four components:

- 1. Statement of Net Position presents the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position.
- 2. Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the District's revenues earned, expenses incurred and change in total net position.
- 3. Statement of Cash Flows presents information about the cash activities of the District during the year.
- 4. *Notes to the Financial Statements* provide additional information crucial for the review of the financial statements.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF) is the formula used to allocate state general apportionment funding to California's community colleges. SCFF retained the Basic Allocation established under Senate Bill (SB) 361 in the 2006-07 fiscal year, but at a significantly reduced rate. However, SCFF funds districts for outcomes and demographics, providing an incentive to improve students' success, especially students from economically disadvantaged backgrounds. The SCFF allocations for the fiscal year 2021-2022 and their respective weightings consist of:

- Base Allocation (70%) Similar to the pre-SCFF calculation and primarily driven by enrollment.
- Supplemental Allocation (20%) Based on the number of low-income students served, as represented by students receiving a Pell or California College Promise Grant (CCPG), or an AB540 California Dream Act Nonresident Tuition Fee Waiver.
- Student Success Allocation (10%) Based on eight defined student outcomes aligned with the California Community Colleges Vision for Success, with the highest value assigned to Associate Degrees for Transfer awarded to students who also received a Pell Grant and/or a CCPG.

The SCFF includes a hold harmless provision, which ensures districts receive funding at or above their fiscal year 2017-2018. The 2022 Budget Act extended the SCFF's hold harmless provision by one year, through 2024-25. The District's fiscal year 2021-22 SCFF calculation fell under the hold harmless provision, as SCFF calculated funding (\$321 million) was less than the calculated funding using the hold harmless provision (\$339 million). It is important to take into consideration that SCFF funding is based on the availability of state general apportionment funding.

The District closed the year with unrestricted general fund reserves of \$125 million, or 27% of expenditures, as well as available reserves in its unrestricted capital outlay projects fund. Cash balances in the unrestricted general fund and unrestricted capital outlay projects fund is \$356 million.

As of June 30, 2022, the voters have approved two bond measures. The voters approved Measure A at \$265 million on March 5, 2002 and Measure M at \$475 million on November 4, 2008. The District has fully issued Measure A. On July 1, 2021, the District issued the fifth series of Measure M, Series E, for \$130 million for a total Measure M issuance of \$465 million. The District's four colleges, the District Office, and other facilities providing District-wide services have utilized the bond issues to construct new facilities and modernize existing facilities. In total, the two bond measures have funded 102 capital facility projects, with an additional 17 projects currently in progress. As of June 30, 2022, Measure A was fully expended, and nearly all Measure M funds have been expended or committed.

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is discussed throughout the MD&A.

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUMMARY**

## **Statement of Net Position**

The net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$496 million.

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Current assets	\$ 762,019,437	\$ 541,005,994
Noncurrent assets:		
Net OPEB asset	19,394,381	15,938,541
Capital assets, net	762,774,458	744,610,018
<b>Total Assets</b>	1,544,188,276	1,301,554,553
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	92,955,861	118,409,788
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	212,285,419	154,980,957
Long-term obligations	742,275,706	854,493,118
Total Liabilities	954,561,125	1,009,474,075
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	186,652,002	28,332,962
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	399,424,133	369,928,949
Restricted	103,627,212	59,753,906
Unrestricted	(7,120,335)	(47,525,551)
Total Net Position	\$ 495,931,010	\$ 382,157,304

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2022

A significant factor that contributes to the negative \$7.1 million unrestricted net position is that the District must recognize a liability for the unfunded pension obligation as soon as the obligation occurs. This is in contrast to how governments budget, which focuses on when a liability will be paid. The chart below illustrates the impact of recognizing the net pension liability (NPL) and the related deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions.

	Pe	With the Net nsion Liability and Related	Per	thout the Net asion Liability and Related
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	399,424,133	\$	399,424,133
Restricted		103,627,212		103,627,212
Unrestricted		(7,120,335)		310,898,187
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	495,931,010	\$	813,949,532

The District's \$399.4 million net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment) is a significant portion of net position. This amount is net of any outstanding debt used to acquire the capital assets. The District uses these assets to provide educational services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The restricted net position accounts for \$103.6 million of net position. Restricted net position represents resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on their use.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES		
Net tuition and fees	\$ 23,171,638	\$ 23,721,533
Grants and contracts	176,540,264	124,482,808
Auxiliary sales and charges		44,577
Other operating income	8,830,900	6,353,548
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	208,542,802	154,602,466
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries	270,352,033	251,827,441
Benefits (including CalPERS, CalSTRS & OPEB)	69,635,110	137,831,983
Supplies, materials, other operating expense and services	86,347,176	43,925,524
Student financial aid	133,770,555	132,816,296
Depreciation	26,326,182	27,540,369
Total Operating Expenses	586,431,056	593,941,613
Loss From Operations	(377,888,254)	(439,339,147)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)		
State apportionments and EPA, noncapital	205,687,700	202,166,451
Property taxes	183,800,691	153,947,570
Federal and State financial aid grants	101,713,230	103,785,462
Lottery and other revenue	15,358,251	30,600,817
Net investment income less interest expense	(21,250,497)	(13,237,980)
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	743,925	1,345,634
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	486,053,300	478,607,954
OTHER REVENUE (EXPPENSE)		
State and local capital income	7,145,622	2,740,404
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,536,962)	
Discontinued bookstore operations		(467,002)
Total other revenue (expense)	5,608,660	2,273,402
Net Increase in Net Position	\$ 113,773,706	\$ 41,542,209

The decrease in Net tuition and fees is due to a decrease in enrollment as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Grants and contracts, included in operating revenue, and Supplies, materials, other operating expense increased primarily due to an additional \$32.2 million in CARES ACT Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds (HEERF) expenditures compared to the prior year. In addition, Supplies, materials, other operating expense and services increased as a result of transitioning from mostly operating in a remote environment to partially on-ground operations.

At the start of the COVID-19 pandemic through most of 2020-21, the District froze all hiring with some limited exceptions in anticipation of the looming budget issues, which contributed to a reduction in permanent employees. As fiscal year 2020-21 progressed, the District was able to remove the hiring freeze and employ additional non-permanent employees. The 2021-22 salary schedule improvements and the continued impact of eliminating the hiring freeze contributed to the \$18.5 million increase in *salaries*.

The State's on-behalf contributions to employee pension plans are included in *lottery and other revenue* and *benefits* expense. Accounting standards require equal and opposite reporting via revenue and expense for the onbehalf contributions from the State; therefore, there is no impact to the bottom line (net position) resulting from these transactions. *Lottery and other revenue* and *benefits* expense decreased in fiscal year 2022 by \$11.9 million as a result of this reporting.

Pension and OPEB expense, included in *benefits* expense, decreased by \$24.2 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, due to recording the related liability changes, deferred outflows, and inflows over and above the prior year.

Student financial aid, included in operating expenses, increased due to a higher number of students applying for and qualifying for financial aid.

State apportionments and EPA, noncapital increased by \$5 million due to an increase in the Education Protection Account (EPA) allocation, which is offset by a \$1.5 million decrease due to the increase in property taxes.

*Property taxes* increased primarily due to improved assessed property values within the counties the District serves and increased property taxes for debt service.

Discontinued bookstore operations of \$467 thousand was a one-time charge for fiscal year 2021 and represents the net loss of dissolving the bookstore fund as a result of outsourcing the bookstore operations.

## **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	End of Year
Land, construction in progress &				
collectibles	\$ 139,483,457	\$ 39,345,600	\$ (72,709,487)	\$ 106,119,570
Site improvements	74,343,217	5,304,019	-	79,647,236
Buildings and improvements	796,556,882	66,077,504	-	862,634,386
Equipment	195,521,514	5,304,027	(26,103)	200,799,438
Library books	6,074,468	1,191,842	(552,880)	6,713,430
Subtotal	1,211,979,538	117,222,992	(73,288,470)	1,255,914,060
Accumulated depreciation	(467,369,520)	(26,326,182)	556,100	(493,139,602)
TOTAL	\$ 744,610,018	\$ 90,896,810	\$ (72,732,370)	\$ 762,774,458

Land, construction in progress and collectibles additions were \$39.3 million. The additions are primarily from the following construction projects: CRC auto tech center modernization and expansion, Elk Grove Center and parking lot expansion and SCC Lillard Hall building. Deletions represent completed construction projects reclassified to site improvements or buildings and improvements.

Buildings and improvements additions consist primarily of completed construction projects reclassified to buildings, primarily the ARC liberal arts building and modernization and CRC college center expansion.

Equipment additions of \$5.3 million primarily consists of the replacement costs of outdated equipment and new equipment purchased.

## **Long-Term Debt**

The changes in the District's long-term debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Beginning of			
	Year	Additions	Deletions	<b>End of Year</b>
General obligation bonds	\$ 442,318,690	\$ 195,632,671	\$ (104,377,161)	\$ 533,574,200

In addition to activity from regular principal payments and amortization of bond issuance premiums, General obligation bonds (GOB) activity consisted of proceeds from a \$130 million GOB, Measure M, Series E bonds. Additions and deletions also include the refinancing results from the issuance of \$16.8 million 2021 Refunding GOB and \$31.6 million 2022 Refunding GOB.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT THE FUTURE**

Enrollment at the District and throughout California is down significantly. Community College funding is predominately based on enrollment. If enrollment does not rebound by the time the state's "hold harmless" ends in fiscal year 2025, the District's funding will be significantly impacted.

The District has long practiced a prudent budgeting approach, which leaves the District relatively well-positioned to manage the economic uncertainty. The District has begun reducing budgets and managing cash flow to lessen the impacts of a potential economic downturn.

Challenging decisions continue to lie ahead for the District, but the District is committed to doing everything possible to protect full-time employees and minimize the impact on part-time employees, and to working closely with our labor partners to follow agreed upon contracts and ensure the District is working collaboratively to get through this crisis. Above it all, the District continues to put students – particularly those in need – at the center of budget discussions. More than ever before, the budget dynamics are constantly evolving in the State and around the nation.

The District continues to plan thoughtfully for the many challenges ahead and looks forward to the opportunity to expand and enhance access and success for the students, while improving the District's financial position by systematically addressing pension and other liabilities and making investments in human, physical, and technology resources. Through the support of the Board members, staff, students, and community at large, the District, with its enviable reputation and unique place in the community, remains committed to academic excellence and fiscal stability.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Los Rios Community College District, 1919 Spanos Court, Sacramento, CA 95825.

Assets	
Current assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 407,270,188
Restricted deposits and investments	285,190,753
Accounts receivable, net	62,148,483
Due from fiduciary funds	2,877
Prepaid expenses and other assets	7,407,136
Total current assets	762,019,437
Noncurrent assets	
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset	19,394,381
Nondepreciable capital assets	106,119,570
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	656,654,888
Total noncurrent assets	782,168,839
Total assets	1,544,188,276
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	3,766,597
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	13,629,607
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	75,559,657
Total deferred outflows of resources	92,955,861
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	24,866,652
Payroll and related liabilities	38,200,670
Accrued interest payable	9,658,860
Due to fiduciary funds	750,040
Unearned revenue	88,034,369
Compensated absences payable, current portion	499,603
Bonds and premium liability, current portion	50,275,225
Total current liabilities	212,285,419

Noncurrent liabilities Compensated absences payable, noncurrent portion Bonds and premium liability, noncurrent portion Claims liability Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability Aggregate net pension liability	\$ 25,586,397 483,298,975 10,419,051 1,392,487 221,578,796
Total noncurrent liabilities	742,275,706
Total liabilities	954,561,125
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions  Total deferred inflows of resources	14,652,619 171,999,383 186,652,002
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	\$ 399,424,133
Debt service Other activities Unrestricted deficit	54,441,934 49,185,278 (7,120,335)
Total net position	\$ 495,931,010

Operating Revenues	
Tuition and fees	\$ 52,540,741
Less: Scholarship discounts and allowances	(29,369,103)
Net tuition and fees	23,171,638
Grants and contracts, noncapital	
Federal	95,667,668
State	79,064,049
Local	1,808,547
Total grants and contracts, noncapital	176,540,264
Other operating revenues	8,830,900
Total operating revenues	208,542,802
Operating Expenses	
Salaries	270,352,033
Employee benefits	69,635,110
Supplies, materials, and other operating expenses and services Student financial aid	86,347,176
Depreciation	133,770,555 26,326,182
Total operating expenses	586,431,056
Operating Loss	(377,888,254)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	0.4.7.0.4.7.4.0
State apportionments, noncapital	215,317,442
Local property taxes, levied for general purposes	108,906,190
Taxes levied for other specific purposes - debt service	65,264,759
Federal and State financial aid grants Lottery, state taxes, and other revenues	101,713,230 15,358,251
Investment income (loss)	(1,587,468)
Interest expense and service charges on capital related debt	(19,249,959)
Investment income (loss) on capital asset-related debt, net	(413,070)
Other nonoperating revenue - gifts	743,925
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	486,053,300
Income Before Other Revenues and Losses	108,165,046
Other Revenues and Losses	
State revenues, capital	7,145,622
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,536,962)
Total other revenues and losses	5,608,660
Change In Net Position	113,773,706
Net Position, Beginning of Year	382,157,304
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 495,931,010

Tuition and fees \$ 20,083,011 Federal, state, and local grants and contracts, noncapital 208,763,705 Payments to or on behalf of employees (362,769,039) Payments to vendors for supplies and services (74,533,929) Payments to students for scholarships and grants (133,770,555) Other operating receipts (payments) 9,958,802 Net cash flows used by operating activities (332,268,005)  Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities 230,645,334 Federal and state financial aid grants 101,713,230 Property taxes - not related to capital debt 113,721,061 State taxes and other apportionments 13,938,372 Other nonoperating Netivities 113,938,372 Other nonoperating Netivities 141,910,000 Net Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities 141,910,000 Net Cash Flows provided by noncapital financing activities 461,509,085  Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities 140,000 Net Capital Gebt 195,632,671 Proceeds from capital debt 195,632,671 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,257,093 State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt 195,632,671 Proceeds from sale of capital debt 195,632,671 Proceeds from sale of capital debt 195,000 Interest paid on provided by capital financing activities 118,979,196  Cash Flows from Investing Activities 118,979,196  Cash Flows from Investing Activities 118,979,196  Cash Flows from Investments 118,979,196  Cash and Cash Equivalents 134,697,569  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 5581,834,484	Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Payments to or on behalf of employees (362,769,039) Payments to vendors for supplies and services (74,533,929) Payments to students for scholarships and grants (133,770,555) Other operating receipts (payments) 9,958,802  Net cash flows used by operating activities (332,268,005)  Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities State apportionments 200,645,334 Federal and state financial aid grants 101,713,230 Property taxes - not related to capital debt 113,721,061 State taxes and other apportionments 13,938,372 Other nonoperating 13,938,372 Other nonoperating 14,91,088  Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities 461,509,085  Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities 9urchase of capital assets (46,407,440) Proceeds from capital debt 195,632,671 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,257,093 State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt 9,775,116 Property taxes - related to capital debt 9,8,455,000 Interest paid on capital debt 9,8,455,000 Interest paid on capital debt 322,798  Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities 118,979,196  Cash Flows from Investing Activities 9urchase of investments (116,520,105) Interest received from investments 2,997,398  Net cash flows used by investing activities (113,522,707)  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents 134,697,569  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 447,136,915		\$ 20,083,011
Payments to vendors for supplies and services Payments to students for scholarships and grants Other operating receipts (payments) Net cash flows used by operating activities State apportionments State apportionments State apportionments Property taxes - not related to capital debt State taxes and other apportionments Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities State taxes and other apportionments Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities Purchase of capital assets Purchase of capital assets Purchase of capital assets Property taxes - related to capital debt State taxes and other apportionments Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities Purchase of capital assets Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Property taxes - related to capital debt Property taxes - related to capital debt Property taxes - related to capital financing activities Purchase of investments Purchase o	Federal, state, and local grants and contracts, noncapital	208,763,705
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Other operating receipts (payments)9,958,802Net cash flows used by operating activities(332,268,005)Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities230,645,334Federal and state financial aid grants101,713,230Property taxes - not related to capital debt113,721,061State taxes and other apportionments13,938,372Other nonoperating1,491,088Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities461,509,085Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities(46,407,440)Purchase of capital assets(46,407,440)Proceeds from capital debt195,632,671Proceeds from sale of capital assets2,257,093State revenue, capital20,775,116Property taxes - related to capital debt65,264,759Principal paid on capital debt(98,455,000)Interest paid on capital debt(20,410,801)Interest received on capital asset-related debt322,798Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities118,979,196Cash Flows from Investing Activities118,979,196Purchase of investments(116,520,105)Interest received from investments2,997,398Net cash flows used by investing activities(113,522,707)Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents447,136,915		
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State apportionments Federal and state financial aid grants Property taxes - not related to capital debt Proceeds from capital debt Proceeds from capital debt Proceeds from capital debt State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt State revenue capital debt Principal paid on capital debt State revenue, capital debt Proceeds from sale of capital debt Property taxes - related to capital debt Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt State revenue, capital	Net cash flows used by operating activities	(332,268,005)
Federal and state financial aid grants Property taxes - not related to capital debt State taxes and other apportionments Other nonoperating Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital debt Property taxes - related to capital debt Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Protest paid on capital debt Protest paid on capital debt Protest paid on capital debt Property taxes - related to capital debt Purchase of investments Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities Purchase of investments Purchase of investments Interest received from investments Purchase of investments State Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of investments Purchase of investments State Flows from Investing Activities State	Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
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Other nonoperating1,491,088Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities461,509,085Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities464,407,440Purchase of capital assets(46,407,440)Proceeds from capital debt195,632,671Proceeds from sale of capital assets2,257,093State revenue, capital20,775,116Property taxes - related to capital debt65,264,759Principal paid on capital debt(98,455,000)Interest paid on capital debt(20,410,801)Interest received on capital asset-related debt322,798Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities118,979,196Cash Flows from Investing Activities118,979,196Purchase of investments(116,520,105)Interest received from investments2,997,398Net cash flows used by investing activities(113,522,707)Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents134,697,569Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year447,136,915	· ·	
Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities  Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities  Purchase of capital assets  Proceeds from capital debt  Proceeds from sale of capital assets  State revenue, capital  Property taxes - related to capital debt  Property taxes - related to capital debt  Principal paid on capital debt  Principal paid on capital debt  Interest paid on capital debt  Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities  Cash Flows from Investing Activities  Purchase of investments  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  447,136,915	· ·	
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from capital debt Proceeds from sale of capital assets State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities Purchase of investments Purchase of investments Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Cash and Cash Equivalents Purchase of investments Net cash flows used by investing activities  113,522,707)  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	Other nonoperating	1,491,088
Purchase of capital assets(46,407,440)Proceeds from capital debt195,632,671Proceeds from sale of capital assets2,257,093State revenue, capital20,775,116Property taxes - related to capital debt65,264,759Principal paid on capital debt(98,455,000)Interest paid on capital debt(20,410,801)Interest received on capital asset-related debt322,798Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities118,979,196Cash Flows from Investing Activities(116,520,105)Purchase of investments(116,520,105)Interest received from investments2,997,398Net cash flows used by investing activities(113,522,707)Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents134,697,569Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year447,136,915	Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities	461,509,085
Proceeds from capital debt Proceeds from sale of capital assets 2,257,093 State revenue, capital 20,775,116 Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Interest received on capital asset-related debt Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities Purchase of investing Activities Purchase of investments Interest received from investments Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Cash and Cash Equivalents Seginning of Year  195,632,671 2,257,093 20,775,116	Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities Purchase of investments Purchase of investments Interest received from investing activities Purchase of investments Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  2,257,093 20,775,116 20,775		(46,407,440)
State revenue, capital Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Interest received on capital asset-related debt Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities Purchase of investing Activities Purchase of investments Interest received from investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  20,775,116 65,264,759 69,8455,000 610,98,455,000 610		
Property taxes - related to capital debt Principal paid on capital debt (98,455,000) Interest paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Interest received on capital asset-related debt Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities Purchase of investing Activities Purchase of investments Interest received from investments Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Purchase of investments 134,697,569  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		
Principal paid on capital debt (98,455,000) Interest paid on capital debt (20,410,801) Interest received on capital asset-related debt 322,798  Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities 118,979,196  Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of investments (116,520,105) Interest received from investments 2,997,398  Net cash flows used by investing activities (113,522,707)  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents 134,697,569  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 447,136,915		
Interest paid on capital debt Interest received on capital asset-related debt  Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities  Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of investments Purchase of investments Interest received from investments  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  (20,410,801) 322,798  (118,979,196  (116,520,105) 2,997,398  (113,522,707)  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  447,136,915		
Interest received on capital asset-related debt  Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities  Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of investments Purchase of investments Interest received from investments Net cash flows used by investing activities  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  132,798  118,979,196  (116,520,105) 2,997,398  (113,522,707)  134,697,569  447,136,915		
Net cash flows provided by capital financing activities  Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of investments Interest received from investments  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  118,979,196  (116,520,105) (116,520,105) (113,522,707)  (113,522,707)  447,136,915		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of investments Interest received from investments  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  (116,520,105) 2,997,398 (113,522,707)  (113,522,707) 447,136,915	·	
Purchase of investments (116,520,105) Interest received from investments 2,997,398  Net cash flows used by investing activities (113,522,707)  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents 134,697,569  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 447,136,915		118,979,196
Interest received from investments  Net cash flows used by investing activities  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  2,997,398  (113,522,707)  134,697,569  447,136,915		
Net cash flows used by investing activities  (113,522,707)  Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents  134,697,569  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year  447,136,915		
Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents 134,697,569 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 447,136,915	Interest received from investments	2,997,398
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 447,136,915	Net cash flows used by investing activities	(113,522,707)
	Change In Cash and Cash Equivalents	134,697,569
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$ 581,834,484	Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	447,136,915
	Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 581,834,484

Reconciliation of Net Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows Used by Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	\$ (377,888,254)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash flows used by	
operating activities	
Depreciation expense	26,326,182
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,	
and deferred inflows of resources	
Accounts receivable, net	8,486,411
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(2,322,921)
Net OPEB asset	(3,455,840)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(6,813,554)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	28,454,173
Accounts payable	17,594,222
Unearned revenue	21,776,305
Compensated absences and load banking	1,803,964
Net OPEB liability	1,392,487
Aggregate net pension liability	(205,607,222)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	7,159,704
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	151,159,336
Total adjustments	45,953,247
Net cash flows used by operating activities	\$ (331,935,007)
, 1	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Consist of the Following:	
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 8,324,987
Cash in county treasury	573,509,497
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 581,834,484
	ψ σσ=/σσ :/ :σ :
Noncash Transactions	
Recognition of deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	\$ 22,783
Amortization of deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding	\$ 22,783 \$ (3,836,091) \$ 5.922.161
Amortization of debt premiums	\$ 5,922,161
, more acade premiums	γ <i>3,322,</i> 101

	Retiree OPEB Trust	OPEB Custodial	
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ -	\$	736,974
Restricted investments	142,834,362		-
Accounts receivable	-		7,342
Due from primary government	750,040		
Total assets	143,584,402		744,316
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	53,000		18,082
Due to primary government	<u> </u>		2,877
Total liabilities	53,000		20,959
Net Position Restricted for postemployment			
benefits other than pensions	143,531,402		<u>-</u>
Unrestricted			723,357
Total net position	\$ 143,531,402	\$	723,357

	Retiree OPEB Trust	Custodial Funds	
Additions District contributions Interest and investment income Local revenues	\$ 3,950,040 217,526	\$ - 21,102 523,206	
Total additions	4,167,566	544,308	
Deductions Services and operating expenditures Benefit payments Administrative expenses Net realized and unrealized losses	3,537,306 212,880 19,138,396	491,898 - - - 4,880	
Total deductions	22,888,582	496,778	
Change in Net Position	(18,721,016)	47,530	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	162,252,418	675,827	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 143,531,402	\$ 723,357	

Los Rios Community College District Los Rios Colleges Foundation Statement of Financial Position

1	20	2022
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Assets Current assets Cash Accounts receivable Promises to give, current portion	\$ 1,708,732 120,100 298,107
Total current assets	
Total current assets	2,126,939
Noncurrent assets Investments Beneficial interest in assets held by the Foundation	17,265,109
for California Community Colleges (FCCC)	186,114
Long-term promises to give	205,000
Total noncurrent assets	17,656,223
Total assets	\$ 19,783,162
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	4
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 40,662
Net Assets	2 200 640
Without donor restrictions	2,300,618
With donor restrictions	17,441,882
Total net assets	19,742,500
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 19,783,162

# Los Rios Community College District Los Rios Colleges Foundation Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Support and Revenues Contributions In-kind contributions Net assets released from restrictions	\$ 345,945 745,563 1,746,359	\$ 3,433,997 17,925 (1,746,359)	\$ 3,779,942 763,488 
Total support and revenues	2,837,867	1,705,563	4,543,430
Expenses Scholarships College support Grants and sponsorships Administrative Fundraising  Total expenses  Total revenues in excess of expenses	898,418 1,432,883 36,020 132,958 98,031 2,598,310	- - - - - 1,705,563	898,418 1,432,883 36,020 132,958 98,031 2,598,310 1,945,120
Other Revenues (Expenses) Interest and dividends, net of fees Realized gain on investments Unrealized loss on investments Change in the value of beneficial interest in assets held by the FCCC Total other revenues (expenses)	64,984 78,829 (488,449) - (344,636)	217,151 376,394 (1,934,332) (37,986) (1,378,773)	282,135 455,223 (2,422,781) (37,986) (1,723,409)
Change in Net Assets	(105,079)	326,790	221,711
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	2,405,697	17,115,092	19,520,789
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 2,300,618	\$ 17,441,882	\$ 19,742,500

Operating Activities  Contributions for scholarships Pledge campaign Annual fund Other receipts Interest and dividends on investments, net of expenses Scholarships awarded Payments to suppliers Payments for services Payments for travel, conferences and meetings	\$ 2,956,627 249,538 135,403 516,002 277,640 (904,433) (931,271) (39,117) (8,677)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,251,712
Investing Activities Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments Purchases of investments	5,430,728 (8,115,667)
Net cash provided by investing activities	(2,684,939)
Net Change in Cash	(433,227)
Cash, Beginning of Year	2,141,959
Cash, End of Year	\$ 1,708,732
Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Net Cash Flows Used by Operating Activities Change in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 221,711
Realized gain on sale of investments	(455,223)
Unrealized loss on investments Change in the value of beneficial	2,422,781
interest in assets held by the FCCC Changes in:	37,986
Accounts receivable	(120,123)
Promises to give Accounts payable	111,396 33,184
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,251,712

## Note 1 - Organization

Los Rios Community College District (the District) was established on July 1, 1964 and commenced operations on July 1, 1965 as a political subdivision of the State and is a comprehensive, public, two-year institution offering educational services to residents of the surrounding area. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board of Trustees form of government, which establishes the policies and procedures by which the District operates. The Board must approve the annual budgets for the General Fund, special revenue funds, and capital project funds, but these budgets are managed at the department level. Currently, the District operates four colleges and six campuses located throughout the areas served in the counties of El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, Solano, and Yolo. While the District is a political subdivision of the State, it is legally separate and is independent of other State and local governments, and it is not a component unit of the State in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The District is classified as a Public Educational Institution under *Internal Revenue Code* Section 115 and is, therefore, exempt from Federal taxes.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Financial Reporting Entity**

GASB provides additional guidance to determine whether certain organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District. As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and established by GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the District as the primary government, and the Los Rios Colleges Foundation (the Foundation) as a component unit.

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the District. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to provide grants and scholarships to students and support to employees, programs, and departments of the District. The board of the Foundation consists of community members, alumni, and other supporters of the Foundation. Although the District does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests, are restricted to the activities of the District by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the District, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the District with the inclusion of the statements as a discretely presented component unit. The Foundation is reported in separate financial statements because of the difference in its reporting model, as further described below.

The Foundation is a not-for-profit organization under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(c)(3) that reports its financial results in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Codifications. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the District's financial reporting entity for these differences; however, significant note disclosures to the Foundation's financial statements have been incorporated into the District's notes to the financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Foundation's Business Office at 1919 Spanos Court, Sacramento, CA 95825.

## **Basis of Accounting**

For financial reporting purposes, the District is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities as defined by GASB. This presentation provides a comprehensive government-wide perspective of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, activities, and cash flows and replaces the fund group perspective previously required. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the primary government financial statements. The District's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The significant accounting policies followed by the District in preparing these financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by GASB. Additionally, the District's policies comply with the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Budget and Accounting Manual*. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All material intra-agency and intra-fund transactions have been eliminated.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded ont eh accrual basis when the exchange takes place. These transactions are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, Federal, State, and local grants and contracts, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises.

Revenues resulting from nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return are classified as nonoperating revenues. Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions such as State apportionments, property taxes, investment income, gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources defined by GASB. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year received. State apportionment revenue is earned based upon criteria set by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and includes reporting of full-time equivalent students (FTES) attendance. The corresponding apportionment revenue is recognized in the period the FTES are generated.

Operating expenses include employee salaries and benefits, supplies, operating expenses, and student financial aid. All other expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating, and include interest expense and other expenses not directly related to the services of the District. Expenses are recorded on the accrual basis as they are incurred, when goods are received, or services are rendered.

The business-type activities model followed by the District requires the following components of the District's financial statements:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements for the District as a whole including:
  - o Statement of Net Position Primary Government
  - o Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Primary Government
  - o Statement of Cash Flows Primary Government
  - o Financial Statements for the Fiduciary Funds including:
    - Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
    - Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
- Notes to the Financial Statements

## **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term unrestricted investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include unrestricted cash with the Sacramento County Treasury (County) for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows. Restricted cash and cash equivalents represent balances restricted by external sources such as grants and contracts or specifically restricted for the repayment of capital debt.

#### Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2022 are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. Short-term investments have an original maturity date greater than three months, but less than one year at time of purchase. Long-term investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase.

The District's investments in the County treasury and State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined by the fair value per share of the underlying portfolios determined by the program sponsors. Positions in these investment pools are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable include amounts due from the Federal, State and/or local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the District's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable also consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff, the majority of each residing in the State of California. The District provides for an allowance for uncollectible accounts as an estimation of amounts that may not be received. This allowance is based upon management's estimates and analysis. The allowance was estimated at \$860,742 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## **Prepaid Expenses**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

## **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole and include land, construction in progress, buildings, buildings and land improvements, and equipment. The District maintains an initial unit cost capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, when purchased or constructed. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value or appraised value at the date of donation. Improvements to buildings and land that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized; the costs of routine maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are charged as an operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Major outlays for capital improvements are capitalized as construction in progress as the projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings - 50 years, portables - 15 years, land improvements - 10 years, equipment - 8 years, library books - 5 years, and technology equipment - 3 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding, for OPEB related items, and for pension related items. The deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to OPEB and pension related items are associated with differences between expected and actual earnings on plan investments, changes of assumptions, and other OPEB and pension related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for OPEB and pension related items.

#### **Debt Premiums and Discounts**

Debt premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. All other bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

## **Compensated Absences and Load Banking**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignation and retirements that occur prior to year end that have not yet been paid within the fund from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid. The District also participates in "load banking" with eligible academic employees whereby the employee may teach extra courses in one period in exchange for time off in another period. The liability for this benefit is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee based upon negotiated contracts. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Retirement credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all academic employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full time.

## **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and MPP recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The aggregate net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the fund in which the employee worked.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue primarily includes (1) amounts received for tuition and fees prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent fiscal year and (2) amounts received from Federal and State grants received before the eligibility requirements are met.

## **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified according to imposed restrictions or availability of assets for satisfaction of District obligations according to the following net position categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. To the extent debt has been incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, such accounts are not included as a component invested in capital assets.

Restricted: Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through enabling legislation adopted by the District, or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. None of the District's restricted net position has resulted from enabling legislation adopted by the District.

*Unrestricted:* Net position that is not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Trustees or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources when they are needed.

The Statement of Net Position – Primary Government report \$103,627,212 of restricted net position, and the fiduciary funds financial statements report \$143,531,402 of restricted net position.

## **State Apportionments**

Certain current year apportionments from the State are based on financial and statistical information of the previous year. Any corrections due to the recalculation of the apportionment are made in February of the subsequent year. When known and measurable, these recalculations and corrections are accrued in the year in which the FTES are generated.

#### **Property Taxes**

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. The County Assessor is responsible for assessment of all taxable real property. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The Counties of El Dorado, Placer, Sacramento, Solano, and Yolo bill and collect the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### **Scholarships Discounts, and Allowances**

Student tuition and fee revenue is reported net of scholarships, discounts, and allowances. Fee waivers approved by the California Community College Board of Governors are included within the scholarships, discounts, and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances represent the difference between stated charges for enrollment fees and the amount that is paid by students or third parties making payments on the students' behalf.

#### **Federal Financial Assistance Programs**

The District participates in federally funded Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and Federal Work-Study programs, as well as other programs funded by the Federal government and State of California. Financial aid to students is either reported as operating expenses or scholarship allowances, which reduce revenues. The amount reported as operating expense represents the portion of aid that was provided to the student in the form of cash. Scholarship allowances represent the portion of aid provided to students in the form of reduced tuition. These programs are audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.

#### **Foundation Financial Statement Presentation**

The Los Rios Colleges Foundation presents its financial statements in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Codifications. Under these reporting requirements, the Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions. As permitted by the codification, the Foundation does not use fund accounting.

With Donor Restrictions: Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Foundation to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes or the net assets are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met by actions of the Foundation and/or the passage of time.

Without Donor Restrictions: Net assets not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Revenues and expenses are recorded when incurred in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are reported as increases in the unrestricted net assets classification unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized as revenue until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions for in-kind gifts from outside sources are recorded at their fair market value on the date of the donation.

Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law.

Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures.

The Foundation is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and related California Franchise Tax Codes.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the District to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Change in Accounting Principles

## Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

As of July 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The implementation of this standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

The provisions of this Statement have been implemented as of June 30, 2022.

## Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

#### **Policies and Practices**

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

**Investment in County Treasury** – In accordance with the *Budget and Accounting Manual*, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury as part of the common investment pool. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Investment in the State Investment Pool** - The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California *Government Code* Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

**Investment in the Debt Securities** – The District has proceeds from general obligation bonds which are temporarily invested by the County of Sacramento, in a non-pooled investment portfolio, until needed for assigned capital expenditures. The investment policy for GO bonds is set forth in the bond indenture, which are limited to those authorized by California *Government Code* Section 53061 et seq. The County's own investment policies may impose additional limitations beyond those required by *Government Code*.

## **General Authorizations**

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

# **Summary of Deposits and Investments**

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

	Primary Government	Fiduciary Funds	Foundation
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted investments	\$ 7,035,031 400,235,157 1,289,956 283,900,797	\$ 362,751 374,223 - 142,834,362	\$ 1,708,732 - - 17,265,109
Total deposits and investments	\$ 692,460,941	\$ 143,571,336	\$ 18,973,841
Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving Cash awaiting deposit Investments - cash in county treasury Investments - LAIF Investments - other	\$ 5,165,183 117,500 3,042,304 573,509,497 7,423,655 103,202,802	\$ 362,751 - - - 374,223 142,834,362	\$ 1,708,732 - - - - 17,265,109
Total deposits and investments	\$ 692,460,941	\$ 143,571,336	\$ 18,973,841

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County treasury pool and LAIF and other investments.

# **Segmented Time Distribution**

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the investments by maturity:

		Maturity	in Years		
Investment Type	Fair Value	1-5	>5		
U.S. Treasury notes County Treasury pool State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 103,202,802 573,509,497 7,797,878	\$ 103,202,802 573,509,497 7,797,878	- - -		
Total	\$ 684,510,177	\$ 684,510,177	\$ -		

# **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California *Government Code*, the investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating
U.S. Treasury notes Mutual funds Money market funds County Treasury pool State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 103,202,802 159,675,518 423,953 573,509,497 7,797,878	AA+ Not rated Not rated Not rated Not rated
Total	\$ 844,609,648	

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California *Government Code*. At June 30, 2022, there are no investments in one issuer that represent 5% or more of the total investments.

### **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits.

As of June 30, 2022, District bank balances of approximately \$14 million were exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

# Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2022:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Fair	Fair Level 1 Level 2		Level 3				
Investment Type	Value	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs				
U.S. Treasury notes Mutual funds	\$ 103,202,802 159,675,518	\$ 103,202,802 	\$ - 159,675,518	\$ - -				
Total	\$ 262,878,320	\$ 103,202,802	\$ 159,675,518	\$ -				

All assets have been valued using a market approach, which uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or group of assets.

# Note 5 - Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 for the District consisted primarily of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources as follows:

	Primary Government
Federal Government	4 22 22 20 4
Categorical aid	\$ 22,827,994
State Government	4 01 4 071
Apportionment	4,814,871
Categorical aid	13,058,231
Lottery	2,563,093
Local Sources	
Student receivables, net	3,989,723
Interest	1,716,128
Other local sources	13,178,443
Total	\$ 62,148,483

# **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

The Foundation's accounts receivable and promises to give consist primarily of short-term promises to donate by donors. In the opinion of management, all amounts have been deemed to be fully collectable.

# Note 6 - Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Education	\$ 691,728
Employee benefits	3,981,256
Insurance	88,152
Marketing and advertising	93,667
Technology	1,852,305
Other prepaid expenses	183,028
Total	\$ 6,890,136

# Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance,			Balance,
	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	·			_
Land	\$ 6,870,382	\$ 664,018	\$ -	\$ 7,534,400
Collections	1,697,400	, ,,,,,,,,	-	1,697,400
Construction in progress	130,915,675	38,681,582	(72,709,487)	96,887,770
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	139,483,457	39,345,600	(72,709,487)	106,119,570
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Site improvements	74,343,217	5,304,019	-	79,647,236
<b>Buildings and improvements</b>	796,556,882	66,077,504	-	862,634,386
Equipment	195,521,514	5,304,027	(26,103)	200,799,438
Library books	6,074,468	1,191,842	(552,880)	6,713,430
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	1,072,496,081	77,877,392	(578,983)	1,149,794,490
Total capital assets	1,211,979,538	117,222,992	(73,288,470)	1,255,914,060
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Site improvements	(63,618,890)	(2,720,160)	-	(66,339,050)
<b>Buildings and improvements</b>	(231,034,683)	(14,937,037)	-	(245,971,720)
Equipment	(168,230,423)	(8,009,619)	3,220	(176,236,822)
Library books	(4,485,524)	(659,366)	552,880	(4,592,010)
Total accumulated depreciation	(467,369,520)	(26,326,182)	556,100	(493,139,602)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 744,610,018	\$ 90,896,810	\$ (72,732,370)	\$ 762,774,458

# Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pension

### Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pension during the 2022 fiscal year consisted of the following:

	Balance, July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance, June 30, 2022	Due in One Year
General obligation bonds Bond premium and discount Compensated absences	\$415,205,000 27,113,690	\$178,345,000 17,287,671	\$ (98,455,000) (5,922,161)	\$495,095,000 38,479,200	\$46,595,000 3,680,225
and load banking	24,282,036	1,803,964		26,086,000	499,603
Total	\$466,600,726	\$197,436,635	\$(104,377,161)	\$559,660,200	\$50,774,828

# **Description of Debt**

General obligation bonds were approved by local elections in 2002, 2008, and 2020. The total amount approved by the voters was \$1,390,000,000. At June 30, 2022, \$730,000,000 had been issued and \$495,095,000 was outstanding. Interest rates on the bonds range from 0.12 to 5.00 percent.

In July 2021, the District issued 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$16,755,000. The proceeds from the issuance were used to advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and to pay the cost of the issuance associated with the refunding bonds. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$3,207,547 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 0.646%.

In June 2022, the District issued 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$31,590,000. The proceeds from the issuance were used to advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and to pay the cost of the issuance associated with the refunding bonds. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$4,391,090 based on the difference between the present value of the existing debt service requirements and the new debt service requirements discounted at 2.136%.

Payments of the general obligation bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund. The compensated absences and load banking liabilities will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

The outstanding general obligation bond debt is as follows:

Description	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate		Original Issue	Refunding Issue	Balance, Beginning of Year	Issued	Redeemed	Balance, Outstanding End of Year
Measure A										
2022 Series E	6/27/2013	8/1/2038	2.00-5.00%	\$	20,000,000	\$ -	\$ 15,975,000	\$ -	\$ (650,000)	\$ 15,325,000
2022 Series F	1/25/2018	8/1/2023	2.00-4.00%	·	27,500,000	-	21,970,000	-	(6,240,000)	15,730,000
2011 Refunding	10/20/2011	8/1/2027	2.00-5.00%		-	40,195,000	21,565,000	-	(21,565,000)	-
2012 Refunding	10/20/2011	8/1/2030	2.00-5.25%		-	62,920,000	44,095,000	-	(37,715,000)	6,380,000
2016 Refunding	4/21/2016	8/1/2026	2.00-5.00%		-	39,315,000	25,205,000	-	(3,165,000)	22,040,000
2020 Refunding	6/11/2020	8/1/2027	1.32%		-	10,945,000	10,720,000	-	(1,640,000)	9,080,000
2021 Refunding	7/1/2021	8/1/2027	4.00%		-	16,755,000	-	16,755,000	(405,000)	16,350,000
2022 Refunding	6/28/2022	8/1/2030	4.00-5.00%			31,590,000		31,590,000		31,590,000
	Total Measu	ire A	1		47,500,000	201,720,000	139,530,000	48,345,000	(71,380,000)	116,495,000
Measure M										
2008 Series B	6/27/2013	8/1/2038	2.00-5.00%		60,000,000	-	52,500,000	-	(1,400,000)	51,100,000
2008 Series C	1/25/2018	8/1/2032	2.00-4.00%		65,000,000	-	60,140,000	-	(2,900,000)	57,240,000
2008 Series D	6/26/2019	8/1/2044	4.00-5.00%		80,000,000	-	58,965,000	-	(19,775,000)	39,190,000
2017 Refunding	11/30/2017	8/1/2035	2.00-5.00%		-	106,850,000	104,070,000	-	(3,000,000)	101,070,000
2008 Series E	7/1/2021	8/1/2035	0.12-3.00%		130,000,000			130,000,000		130,000,000
	Total Measu	ire M	į		335,000,000	106,850,000	275,675,000	130,000,000	(27,075,000)	378,600,000
				\$	382,500,000	\$308,570,000	\$415,205,000	\$178,345,000	\$ (98,455,000)	\$495,095,000

# **Debt Maturity**

# **General Obligation Bonds**

The bonds mature through 2045 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Current Interest to Maturity	Total
2023	\$ 46,595,000	\$ 18,372,284	\$ 64,967,284
2024	48,595,000	16,560,473	65,155,473
2025	49,535,000	14,813,768	64,348,768
2026	53,445,000	12,953,561	66,398,561
2027	27,875,000	11,362,844	39,237,844
2028-2032	122,680,000	40,182,214	162,862,214
2033-2037	103,040,000	16,123,675	119,163,675
2038-2042	27,335,000	4,422,538	31,757,538
2043-2045	15,995,000	740,475	16,735,475
Total	\$ 495,095,000	\$ 135,531,832	\$ 630,626,832

# Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported a net OPEB asset/(liability), deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	As	Net OPEB Asset/(Liability)				Deferred Inflows of Resources		OPEB Expense	
District Plan	\$	19,394,381	\$	13,629,607	\$	14,652,619	\$	(3,109,690)	
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Plan		(1,392,487)						7,198	
Total	\$	18,001,894	\$	13,629,607	\$	14,652,619	\$	(3,102,492)	

The details of each plan are as follows:

## **District Plan**

### **OPEB Plan Administration**

The District administers the Los Rios Community College District Retiree Health Benefit Plan (OPEB Plan), a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The Board established the Los Rios Community College District Retiree Health Benefits Trust (OPEB Trust). The Board appointed the members of the Los Rios Community College District Retiree Health Benefits Trust Oversight Committee (Committee) to manage, direct and control the OPEB Trust. The Committee members consist of the Vice Chancellor of Finance and Administration, Director, Accounting Services, the Confidential Senior Financial Analyst and two members of the District's Insurance Review Committee. The Board appointed Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. to serve as the trustee and investment manager of the OPEB Trust. The OPEB Trust is used for the purposes of investment and disbursement of funds irrevocably designated by the District to fund future other post-employment benefits (OPEB).

# **OPEB Trust Financial Report**

Detailed information about the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPEB Trust financial report, which may be obtained from the District.

# **OPEB Plan Membership**

As of the valuation date, June 30, 2021, the OPEB Plan membership consisted of the following:

Retired employees receiving benefits	1,062
Retired employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	119
Participating active employees	2,024
Total	3,205

## **Contributions**

The District provides contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis and contributes to the OPEB Trust. The contribution requirements of the District are established and may be amended by the Board and by contractual agreement with employee groups. The District's OPEB Plan members are not required to contribute to the OPEB Plan. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District contributed \$3,950,040 to the OPEB Trust, of which \$3,537,306 was used for current benefit payments.

## **Benefits Provided**

The District's benefits provided to retirees are based on *Government Code* sections collectively known as Public Employees' Medical & Hospital Care Act (PHMHCA), which vary among different collective bargaining agreements. The following is a description of the current OPEB Plan benefits.

	LRCEA	LRSA	LRCFT	SEIU	Management and Confidential
Benefit types provided	Medical only				
Duration of benefits Required years of service	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime	Lifetime
Prior to 2/1/89	3				
Prior to 6/30/84					3
Prior to 6/30/90		10	10	7	
7/1/84-6/30/90					7
2/1/89-6/30/90	7				
7/1/90-8/31/93	12				
7/1/90-12/31/12					10
7/1/90-current		15	15	15	
9/1/93-current	15				
1/1/13-current					15
Minimum age	55	55	55	55	55
Current District					
monthly contribution	\$280	\$280	\$280	\$280	\$306

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

To develop the total OPEB liability, the actuary performed an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Funding method	Entry-age normal cost, level percent of pay
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	5.00%
General inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases (1)	3.00%
Long-term return on assets (2)	5.00%
Mortality	CalPERS 2021 study; CalSTRS 2020 Study
Mortality improvement	5.8% in 2023, decreasing to 3.9% by 2076

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$ Since benefits do not depend on salary, this is only used to allocate the costs of benefits between service years.

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of the OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and added expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	3.80%
High Yield Fixed Income	6.50%
U.S. Large Capitalization Equity	8.00%
U.S. Small Capitalization Equity	9.80%
International Developed Market (DM) Equity	8.30%
International Emerging Market (EM) Equity	9.40%

<sup>(2)</sup> Net of Plan investment expense; includes inflation

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District continues to make regular, sufficient contributions to the OPEB Trust in order to prefund the total OPEB liability. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current OPEB Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# **Changes in the Net OPEB Asset**

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 127,562,890	\$ 143,501,431	\$ (15,938,541)	
Service cost	4,419,126	-	4,419,126	
Interest	6,503,415	-	6,503,415	
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	1,613,779	-	1,613,779	
Contributions - employer	-	4,189,977	(4,189,977)	
Net investment income	-	18,388,456	(18,388,456)	
Changes of assumptions	6,586,273	-	6,586,273	
Benefit payments	(3,827,446)	(3,827,446)		
Net change in net OPEB asset	15,295,147	18,750,987	(3,455,840)	
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 142,858,037	\$ 162,252,418	\$ (19,394,381)	

# Sensitivity of the District's Net OPEB Asset/(Liability) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset/(liability) of the District, as well as what the net OPEB asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Asset/(Liability)
1% decrease (4.00%)	\$ (4,315,456)
Current discount rate (5.00%)	19,394,381
1% increase (6.00%)	38,523,908

# Sensitivity of the District's Net OPEB Asset/(Liability) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB asset/(liability) of the District, as well as what the net OPEB asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Net OPEB Asset/(Liability)
1% decrease (4.80% decreasing to 2.90%) Current healthcare cost trend rates (5.80% decreasing to 3.90%)	\$ 40,616,647 19.394.381
1% increase (6.80% decreasing to 4.90%)	(7,602,039)

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(3,455,840). The District reported deferred outflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		4,326,584 3,640,491 5,662,532	\$	2,607,215 12,045,404
Total	\$	13,629,607	\$	14,652,619

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net OPEB asset in the subsequent fiscal year. All other deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related the net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB Plan investments will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows of Resources
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ (2,133,337 (2,297,683 (1,690,516 (1,551,345 1,023,695 1,299,590
Total	\$ (5,349,596

# Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

# **Plan Description**

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

# **Benefits Provided**

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District contributions. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

# **Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense**

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,392,487 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period of June 30, 2021, was 0.3491 %

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$7,198.

June 30, 2022

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2021, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through
	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	2.16%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2020, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 245 or an average of 0.16% of the potentially eligible population (152,062).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2021, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, is 2.16%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 2.16%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2021, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate decreased 0.05% from 2.21% as of June 30, 2020.

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability				
1% decrease (1.16%)	\$ 1,534,90	2			
Current discount rate (2.16%)	1,392,48	7			
1% increase (3.16%)	1,270,80	6			

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current Medicare costs trend rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Medicare costs trend rate that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rates	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.5% Part A and 4.4% Part B)	\$ 1,266,303
Current Medicare costs trend rates (4.5% Part A and 5.4% Part B)	1,392,487
1% increase (5.5% Part A and 6.4% Part B)	1,537,151

# Note 10 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District participates in Statewide Association of Community Colleges (SWACC), a risk pooling solution, for excess coverage at a Member Retained Limit (MRL) of \$250,000 per occurrence for property and \$1,000,000 per occurrence for liability. The District self-insures its property claims up to \$100,000 per occurrence and liability claims up to \$250,000 per occurrence. SWACC pools for the first \$250,000 of a property loss including the MRL and purchases reinsurance for property claims up to \$235,000,000 in excess of \$15,250,000. SWACC pools for the first \$1,000,000 of a liability loss including the MRL and purchases reinsurance for liability claims up to \$24 million excess of \$1 million including member's MRL. SWACC also offers members of the program an additional \$25 million in excess liability coverage for excess liability limits to \$50 million. The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims on the first \$500,000 of each claim.

SWACC also provides for additional insurance and risk management programs and services as well as a forum for discussion, study, development, and implementation of recommendations of mutual interest regarding self insurance for losses and other insurance and risk management programs and services.

# **Workers' Compensation**

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims on the first \$500,000 of each claim. Coverage in excess of self-insurance limits for workers' compensation is purchased through an insurance broker.

### **Claims Liabilities**

The District records an estimated liability for indemnity torts and other claims against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate costs of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

The District establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022:

	Total
Liability Balance, July 1, 2020 Claims and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$ 11,417,858 611,406 (1,277,215)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2021 Claims payments	10,752,049 (332,998)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 10,419,051
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2022	\$ 13,136,368

# Note 11 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Aggregate Net Pension Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		nsion Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$ 105,693,459 115,885,337	\$	52,341,945 23,217,712	\$	120,767,258 51,232,125	\$	5,419,800 10,208,776
Total	\$ 221,578,796	\$	75,559,657	\$	171,999,383	\$	15,628,576

The details of each plan are as follows:

# California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

# **CalSTRS Plan Description**

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by CalSTRS. STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://wwww.calstrs.com/member-publications.

## **CalSTRS Benefits Provided**

The STRP provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	16.92%	16.92%
Required State contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

### **CalSTRS Contributions**

Required member, District, and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and are detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with California Assembly Bill 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS were to increase to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above, and the District's total contributions were \$21,864,051.

# CalSTRS Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 105,693,459
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District	53,180,849

Total \$ 158,874,308

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was 0.2323% and 0.2542%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease of 0.0219% in the proportionate share.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,419,800. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,819,517 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	21,864,051	\$	-
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions		15,237,486		25,913,022
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments  Differences between expected and actual experience in		-		83,606,247
the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumptions		264,768 14,975,640		11,247,989 -
Total	\$	52,341,945	\$	120,767,258

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (21,230,973) (19,419,404) (19,901,329) (23,054,541)
Total	\$ (83,606,247)

The deferred outflow/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources		
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ 2,356,441 2,614,967 (2,507,400) (3,318,157) (1,646,432) (4,182,536)		
Total	\$ (6,683,117)		

### **CalSTRS Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30,2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	-0.4%

## **CalSTRS Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 215,154,053
Current discount rate (7.10%)	105,693,459
1% increase (8.10%)	14,843,256

# California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

# **CalPERS Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020, annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

## **CalPERS Benefits Provided**

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS School Employer Pool provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	On or before	On or after
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%
Required employer contribution rate	22.91%	22.91%

### **CalPERS Contributions**

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, are presented above, and the total District contributions were \$19,758,238.

# CalPERS Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$115,885,337. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating college districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, was 0.5699% and 0.5894%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0195%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,208,776. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	ferred Inflows f Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$ 19,758,238	\$ -
made and District's proportionate share of contributions  Differences between projected and actual earnings on	-	6,485,593
pension plan investments	-	44,473,343
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	 3,459,474	 273,189
Total	\$ 23,217,712	\$ 51,232,125

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (11,153,876) (10,256,988) (10,693,580) (12,368,899)
Total	\$ (44,473,343)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, changes of assumptions, and differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the EARSL of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 4.1 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (251,812) (1,445,747) (1,457,357) (144,392)
Total	_\$ (3,299,308)

# **CalPERS Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying updated procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations, as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity Fixed income Inflation assets Private equity Real assets Liquidity	50% 28% 0% 8% 13% 1%	5.98% 2.62% 1.81% 7.23% 4.93% -0.92%

### **CalPERS Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$ 195,398,950
Current discount rate (7.15%)	115,885,337
1% increase (8.15%)	49,871,977

# **On Behalf Payments**

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, which amounted to \$15,600,306 (10.828%) of salaries subject to CalSTRS. Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

## **Tax Deferred Compensation**

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) system as its alternative plan.

The District offers its employees a Public Agency Retirement System (PARS) administered 457 Deferred Compensation Program (the Program). The Plan participants are individuals employed in certain classified assignments who have worked for the District on or after July 1, 2008, provided that they are not covered by any other retirement program such as CalPERS or CalSTRS through District employment. The Plan requires a contribution of at least 7.5% of wages. The Contribution is split evenly with the employees contributing 3.75% and the District contributing 3.75%. The plan results in savings for both employees and the District. The District's contribution to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was \$330,907. Accounts are established in the name of each participant. Contributions are allocated directly to employee accounts. Participant account balances are fully vested and non-forfeitable. Participant account balances will be paid in a single distribution or direct rollover to another eligible retirement plan designated by the participant upon retirement or other termination. PARS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the PARS annual financial report may be obtained from PARS, 5141 California Avenue, Suite 150, Irvine, California 92617-3069.

The District also contributes to the Los Rios Community College District 403(b) Tax Deferred Annuity Plan (TDA), which is a defined contribution pension plan. A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participants' benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account.

# Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

# **Grants**

The District receives financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

# Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

### **Construction Commitments**

As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$34.7 million of commitments with respect to its unfinished capital projects. The projects are funded through a combination of general obligation bonds and capital project apportionments from the California State Chancellor's Office.

## **Lease Revenue Bonds**

The District and the State have entered into financing arrangements under which the State provides funds for the construction of certain facilities. The funds are proceeds from lease revenue bonds issued by the State of California, Public Works Board (the Board). The bonds are a special obligation of the Board payable from State General Fund revenues appropriated to the California Community Colleges Board of Governors who therein made adequate provision in the annual budget of the State for the services of such bonds. However, in the unlikely event that the State is unable to pay the semi-annual installment payment, the District would be responsible for the payments attributable to the District's facilities. No amounts had been accrued for any contingent payments at June 30, 2022.

These facilities are included in the District's capital assets on the Statement of Net Position. The Board leases the facilities contributed with these bonds to the District. Upon full repayment of the associated bonds, title to the facilities conveys to the District. The following facilities that were constructed under the provisions described above and have minimum annual payments remaining at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Facility	Lease Term	Proceeds From State	Funding Year	Minimum Annual Payments
Folsom Lake College Instructional Facilities IB	2005-2030	\$ 36,841,000	2001-02	\$809,709 to \$2,499,000



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Los Rios Community College District

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Asset and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 4,419,126 6,503,415 1,613,779 6,586,273 (3,827,446)	\$ 4,280,025 6,158,278 - - (3,521,891)	\$ 4,043,603 5,986,421 914,153 (4,443,284) (3,078,482)	\$ 3,977,329 5,471,925 3,910,439 - (3,193,580)	\$ 3,852,135 5,163,916 - - (2,768,581)
Net change in total OPEB liability	15,295,147	6,916,412	3,422,411	10,166,113	6,247,470
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	127,562,890	120,646,478	117,224,067	107,057,954	100,810,484
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$142,858,037	\$127,562,890	\$120,646,478	\$117,224,067	\$107,057,954
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments	\$ 4,189,977 18,388,456 (3,827,446)	\$ 4,054,415 9,957,190 (3,521,891)	\$ 5,553,625 8,961,515 (3,078,482)	\$ 3,377,713 4,723,266 (3,193,580)	\$ 3,351,026 7,044,472 (2,768,581)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	18,750,987	10,489,714	11,436,658	4,907,399	7,626,917
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	143,501,431	133,011,717	121,575,059	116,667,660	109,040,743
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$162,252,418	\$143,501,431	\$133,011,717	\$121,575,059	\$116,667,660
Net OPEB Asset - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (19,394,381)	\$ (15,938,541)	\$ (12,365,239)	\$ (4,350,992)	\$ (9,609,706)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	113.58%	112.49%	110.25%	103.71%	108.98%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$215,277,976	\$232,823,656	\$214,374,721	\$218,057,096	\$206,563,055
Net OPEB Asset as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	9.01%	6.85%	5.77%	2.00%	4.65%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

		2022	 2021		2020		2019		2018
Actuarially determined contribution  Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$	4,185,941	\$ 4,011,487	\$	3,955,463	\$	1,011,340	\$	-
determined contribution		4,326,584	 3,888,640		3,417,555		5,553,625		3,377,713
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(140,643)	\$ 122,847	\$	537,908	\$	(4,542,285)	\$	(3,377,713)
Covered payroll	\$ 2	21,736,315	\$ 215,277,976	\$ 2	232,823,656	\$ 2	214,374,721	\$ 2	218,057,096
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.95%	1.81%		1.47%		2.59%		1.55%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year ended June 30,	2022
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.3491%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,392,487
Covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A <sup>1</sup>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	-0.80%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2323%	0.2542%	0.2331%	0.2436%	0.2361%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 105,693,459	\$ 246,350,963	\$ 210,565,033	\$ 223,885,883	\$ 218,378,653
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	53,180,849	126,993,951	114,877,283	128,185,139	129,190,966
Total	\$ 158,874,308	\$ 373,344,914	\$ 325,442,316	\$ 352,071,022	\$ 347,569,619
Covered payroll	\$ 133,531,342	\$ 144,073,749	\$ 132,829,695	\$ 135,556,788	\$ 129,143,886
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	79.15%	170.99%	158.52%	165.16%	169.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	87%	72%	73%	71%	69%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
CalPERS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.5699%	0.5894%	0.5837%	0.5953%	0.5793%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 115,885,337	\$ 180,835,055	\$ 170,117,949	\$ 158,720,637	\$ 138,304,139
Covered payroll	\$ 81,746,634	\$ 88,750,177	\$ 81,545,026	\$ 82,500,308	\$ 77,419,169
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	141.76%	203.76%	208.62%	192.39%	178.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	70%	70%	71%	72%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS			
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2512%	0.2540%	0.2540%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 203,170,928	\$ 171,002,960	\$ 148,429,980
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	115,661,585	90,496,390	89,605,779
Total	\$ 318,832,513	\$ 261,499,350	\$ 238,035,759
Covered payroll	\$ 128,872,601	\$ 119,125,206	\$ 111,268,958
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	157.65%	143.55%	133.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	74%	77%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS			
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.6079%	0.6383%	0.6295%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 120,060,427	\$ 94,086,050	\$ 71,463,577
Covered payroll	\$ 76,206,257	\$ 71,316,255	\$ 68,255,629
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	157.55%	131.93%	104.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 21,864,051	\$ 21,633,010	\$ 24,641,228	\$ 21,585,563	\$ 19,566,444
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(21,864,051)	(21,633,010)	(24,641,228)	(21,585,563)	(19,566,444)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$129,220,160	\$133,531,342	\$144,073,749	\$132,829,695	\$135,556,788
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%	14.43%
CalPERS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 19,758,238	\$ 16,896,695	\$ 17,475,114	\$ 14,619,968	\$ 12,730,993
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(19,758,238)	(16,896,695)	(17,475,114)	(14,619,968)	(12,730,993)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 86,242,855	\$ 81,746,634	\$ 88,750,177	\$ 81,545,026	\$ 82,500,308
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	22.910%	20.700%	19.721%	18.062%	15.531%

	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 16,500,606	\$ 12,979,900	\$ 10,573,510
required contribution	(16,500,606)	(12,979,900)	(10,573,510)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$129,143,886	\$128,872,601	\$119,125,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%
CalPERS			
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 10,751,974	\$ 8,635,679	\$ 8,404,663
required contribution	(10,751,974)	(8,635,679)	(8,404,663)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 77,419,169	\$ 76,206,257	\$ 71,316,255
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%

### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

### Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Asset and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the net OPEB asset, including beginning and ending balances, the Plan's fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB asset. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes in Assumptions There were no significant changes to assumptions for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2018, 2020, and 2021. The significant changes to assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows: 1) updated demographic assumptions, including mortality improvement scales; 2) updated participation rate assumptions; 3) updated salary scales; 4) change in the health care trend rate from 8% decreasing to 5%, to 5.8% decreasing to 3.9%; and implicit value for retiree benefits for retirees who are not eligible or enrolled in Medicare.

### **Schedule of District Contributions for OPEB**

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program and the Plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes in Assumptions* The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.21% to 2.16% since the previous valuation.

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net positions and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- Changes in Assumptions There were no changes in assumptions since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.

### **Schedule of District Contributions for Pension**

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Los Rios Community College District

Los Rios Community College District was established on July 1, 1964 and commenced operations on July 1, 1965. The District's 2,400 square mile service area includes Sacramento County, most of El Dorado County and parts of Yolo, Placer, and Solano counties. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District's colleges are accredited by the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges, Western Association of Schools and Colleges, which is one of six regional associations that accredit public and private schools, colleges, and universities in the United States.

### **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

Board o	f Trustees	as of	June 30	, 2022
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Member	Office	Term Expires
Tami Nelson	President	2024
John Knight	Vice President	2024
Kelly Wilkerson	Member	2024
Pamela Haynes	Member	2024
Dustin Johnson	Member	2022
Deborah Ortiz	Member	2022
Robert Jones	Member	2022
Trajan Robinson	Student Trustee	2023

### Administration as of June 30, 2022

Dr. Brian King	Chancellor
Mario Rodriguez	Vice Chancellor, Finance and Administration
Jamey Nye, Ph.D.	Deputy Chancellor

### **Auxiliary Organizations in Good Standing**

Los Rios Colleges Foundation, established 1978
Master Agreement revised/established October 7, 1998
Paula Allison, President

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Student Financial Assistance Cluster			
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063		\$ 61,411,021
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268		16,046,578
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)	84.007		4,550,960
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	,	645,025
Subtotal Student Financial Assistance Cluster			82,653,584
TRIO Cluster			
TRIO Student Support Services	84.042A		175,188
TRIO STEM Student Support Services	84.042A		640,639
TRIO Veterans Student Support Services	84.042A		268,951
TRIO Journey Student Support Services	84.042A		276,042
TRIO Natomas Talent Search Program	84.044A		326,690
TRIO San Juan Unified School District Talent Search Program	84.044A		248,037
TRIO Twin Rivers Talent Search Program	84.044A 84.047		57,446
TRIO Upward Bound: Inderkum HS	84.047 84.047		298,935 465,417
TRIO Upward Bound: Center HS TRIO Upward Bound: Monterey Trail and Valley HS	84.047		208,325
TRIO Upward Bound: Monterey Trail and Valley 113	84.047		235,422
·	04.047	•	
Subtotal TRIO Cluster			3,201,092
COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds,	04.4055		22 252 522
Student Aid Portion	84.425E		23,962,500
COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds, Institutional Portion	84.425F		EE 464 612
COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds,	04.4ZJF		55,464,612
Minority Serving Institutions	84.425L		1,711,955
	04.42JL	•	<u>.</u>
Subtotal			81,139,067
Hispanic Serving Institutions - Strengthening Institutions	84.031A		616,034
Hispanic Serving Institutions - Strengthening Institutions	84.031S		433,387
Hispanic Serving Institutions - STEM and Articulation Program	84.031C	•	1,218,236
Subtotal			2,267,657
Child Care Access Means Parents in School (CCAMPIS)	84.335A		370,193
Asian American & Native American Pacific Islander Serving Institutions	84.382B		162,775
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office			
Career and Technical Education Act (CTEA), Title I, Part C	84.048A	21-C01-028	3,501,416
Passed through California Department of Rehabilitation	04.4364	20005	204.044
Workability III	84.126A	29985	201,814
College to Career	84.126A	30501	249,998
Subtotal			451,812
Passed through The Regents of the University of California			
Open Textbooks Pilot Program	84.116	P116T180029	49,261
Total U.S. Department of Education		,	173,796,857

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through California Department of Food and Agriculture NIFA Ag. Dual Enrollment Passed through California Department of Education	10.223	38422	\$ 40,283
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13666	19,300
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			59,583
U.S. Department of Labor Strengthening Community Colleges Rural Business Enterprise Grant	17.261 17.268		233,195 57,618
Total U.S. Department of Labor			290,813
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	[1]	1,929,858
Research and Development Cluster National Science Foundation Sustainable Interdisciplinary Research to Inspire Success II (SIRIUS II) Subtotal Research and Development Cluster	47.076		74,093 74,093
U.S. Small Business Administration COVID-19: Shuttered Venue Operators Grant	59.061		2,796,988
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster Passed through Yosemite Community College District Child Development Training Consortium	93.575	15-16-7694	33,394
Passed through San Francisco Community College District California Early Childhood Mentor Program Subtotal CCDF Cluster	93.575	CN150142	9,157 42,551
Passed through Foundation for California Community Colleges Independent Living Program	93.674	[1]	22,500
Passed through California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Foster and Kinship Care Education	93.558 93.658	[1] [1]	455,703 128,673
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			649,427
Corporation for National and Community Service Americorps	94.066		84,167
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 179,681,786

<sup>[1]</sup> Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available.

### Los Rios Community College District Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Program Revenues								
		Cash	Α	ccounts	l	Jnearned	Total	Program
Program		Received	Re	eceivable		Revenue	Revenue	Expenditures
Awards for Innovation in Higher Education	\$	499,138	\$	-	\$	499,138	\$ -	\$ -
Basic Needs		2,452,596		158,907		2,452,596	158,907	158,907
Basic Skills Initiative (BSI)		214,318		_		16,783	197,535	197,535
Board Financial Assistance Program (BFAP)		2,671,986		-		146,150	2,525,836	2,525,836
Cal Grant		12,247,013		-		-	12,247,013	12,247,013
Calfresh Outreach		94,426		-		55,153	39,273	39,273
California College Promise		2,792,108		-		-	2,792,108	2,792,108
California Prison Industry Authority - Culinary Arts		22,218		1,463		-	23,681	23,681
California Work Opportunity & Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs)		3,791,612		5,137		1,609,006	2,187,743	2,187,743
Capital Outlay Projects		16,594,980		-	1	.5,143,373	1,451,607	1,451,607
CDF Tax Bailout		209,003		-		-	209,003	209,003
Child Care Program		1,884,203		-		-	1,884,203	1,884,203
College Specific Allocations		1,751,090		-		1,478,681	272,409	272,409
Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training		25,755		-		-	25,755	25,755
Community College Construction Act of 1980		4,714,337		707,268		-	5,421,605	5,421,605
Cooperative Agency Resource Education		937,829		-		293,809	644,020	644,020
Disabled Students Program & Services		6,385,824		-		1,303,072	5,082,752	5,082,752
Diversity in Engineering		24,738		-		24,738	-	-
Dream Resource Liaison Support Allocation		687,977		-		655,005	32,972	32,972
Economic development		400,664		500,261		-	900,925	900,925
Equal employment opportunity		264,570		-		240,019	24,551	24,551
Extended Opportunity Program & Services		5,408,162		-		962,169	4,445,993	4,445,993
Financial Aid Technology		361,628		-		44,794	316,834	316,834
Foster Care Education		149,466		59,871		-	209,337	209,337
Guided Pathways		1,575,602		462,915		576,016	1,462,501	1,462,501
Hunger Free Campus		139,123		-		9,150	129,973	129,973
ICT/Digital Media Regional Director		119,501		1		-	119,502	119,502

### Los Rios Community College District Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Revenues					
	Cash	Accounts	Unearned	Total	Program	
Program	Received	Receivable	Revenue	Revenue	Expenditures	
Inmate Education Pilot Program / Incarcerated Students Reentry	\$ 191,882	\$ 99,842	\$ 97,056	\$ 194,668	\$ 194,668	
Innovation and Effectiveness	366,257	-	69,407	296,850	296,850	
LGBTQ+ Funding	436,949	-	436,949	-	-	
Mathematics, Engineering, Science Achievement (MESA)	306,909	-	267,328	39,581	39,581	
Mental Health Services	1,725,907	62,526	1,482,504	305,929	305,929	
Middle College High School	199,500	-	134,122	65 <i>,</i> 378	65,378	
NEXTUP	1,963,511	75,210	809,317	1,229,404	1,229,404	
Nursing Education	542,237	-	137,173	405,064	405,064	
Proposition 39 Clean Energy Fund	274,960	-	274,960	-	-	
Refugee Career Pathways	1,961,540	-	619,647	1,341,893	1,341,893	
State Instructional Equipment Funds (SIEF)	7,960,869	-	7,323,039	637,830	637,830	
State on-behalf pymts CalSTRS	1,844,476	-	-	1,844,476	1,844,476	
Strong Workforce Program	28,203,107	10,021,712	22,917,986	15,306,833	15,306,833	
Student Equity and Achievement Program	28,549,693	-	10,866,703	17,682,990	17,682,990	
Student Success Completion	5,443,633	-	-	5,443,633	5,443,633	
Student Retention & Enrollment	3,287,477	-	2,607,012	680,465	680,465	
Veterans Resource Center	1,257,208	41,492	685,625	613,075	613,075	
Other	582,692	861,626	780,752	663,566	663,566	
Total state programs	\$ 151,518,674	\$ 13,058,231	\$ 75,019,232	\$ 89,557,673	\$ 89,557,673	

	Reported Data	Audit Adjustments	Audited Data
CATEGORIES			
A. Summer Intersession (Summer 2021 only) 1. Noncredit*	_	_	_
2. Credit	4,390.75	-	4,390.75
<ul> <li>B. Summer Intersession (Summer 2022 - Prior to July 1, 2022)</li> <li>1. Noncredit*</li> </ul>	-	-	_
2. Credit	28.50	-	28.50
C. Primary Terms (Exclusive of Summer Intersession)  1. Census Procedure Courses			
<ul><li>(a) Weekly Census Contact Hours</li><li>(b) Daily Census Contact Hours</li></ul>	7,708.62 631.59	-	7,708.62 631.59
(a) builty certains contact flours	031.33		031.33
2. Actual Hours of Attendance Procedure Courses	42.22		42.22
<ul><li>(a) Noncredit*</li><li>(b) Credit</li></ul>	12.38 1,561.88	-	12.38 1,561.88
(b) Cledit	1,301.00	-	1,301.00
3. Alternative Attendance Accounting Procedures Courses			
(a) Weekly Census Procedure Courses	21,106.47	-	21,106.47
(b) Daily Census Procedure Courses	4,429.83	-	4,429.83
(c) Noncredit Independent Study/Distance Education Courses		·	
D. Total FTES	39,870.02		39,870.02
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (Subset of Above Information)			
E. In-Service Training Courses (FTES)	1,137.01	-	1,137.01
F. Basic Skills Courses and Immigrant Education  1. Noncredit*	-	-	_
2. Credit	1,128.81	-	1,128.81
CCFS-320 Addendum			
CDCP Noncredit FTES	-	-	-
Centers FTES  1. Noncredit*		_	
2. Credit	5,924.41	-	5,924.41
	•		,

<sup>\*</sup>Including Career Development and College Preparation (CDCP) FTES.

Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2022

		ECS 84362 A Instructional Salary Cost				ECS 84362 B Total CEE			
			00 - 5900 and A		AC 0100 - 6799				
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised		
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data	Data	Adjustments	Data		
<u>Academic Salaries</u>									
Instructional Salaries									
Contract or Regular	1100	\$ 78,801,968	\$ -	\$ 78,801,968	\$ 78,801,968	\$ -	\$ 78,801,968		
Other	1300	41,125,115	-	41,125,115	41,125,115	-	41,125,115		
Total Instructional Salaries		119,927,083	ı	119,927,083	119,927,083	-	119,927,083		
Noninstructional Salaries									
Contract or Regular	1200	-	-	-	29,311,403	-	29,311,403		
Other	1400	-	-	-	1,752,101	-	1,752,101		
Total Noninstructional Salaries		-	-	-	31,063,504	-	31,063,504		
Total Academic Salaries		119,927,083	-	119,927,083	150,990,587	-	150,990,587		
<u>Classified Salaries</u>									
Noninstructional Salaries									
Regular Status	2100	-	-	-	59,175,368	-	59,175,368		
Other	2300	-	-	-	2,369,293	-	2,369,293		
Total Noninstructional Salaries		-	-	-	61,544,661	-	61,544,661		
Instructional Aides									
Regular Status	2200	5,839,808	-	5,839,808	5,839,808	-	5,839,808		
Other	2400	567,387	-	567,387	567,387	-	567,387		
Total Instructional Aides		6,407,195	-	6,407,195	6,407,195	-	6,407,195		
Total Classified Salaries		6,407,195	-	6,407,195	67,951,856	-	67,951,856		
Employee Benefits	3000	47,713,464	-	47,713,464	91,265,071	-	91,265,071		
Supplies and Material	4000	-	-	-	3,389,106	-	3,389,106		
Other Operating Expenses	5000	5,642,168	-	5,642,168	25,935,377	-	25,935,377		
Equipment Replacement	6420	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total Expenditures Prior to Exclusions		179,689,910	-	179,689,910	339,531,997	-	339,531,997		

Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2022

			ECS 84362 A			ECS 84362 B	
		Instr	uctional Salary	Cost	Total CEE		
		AC 010	00 - 5900 and A	C 6110		AC 0100 - 6799	}
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data	Data	Adjustments	Data
<u>Exclusions</u>							
Activities to Exclude							
Instructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits and							
Retirement Incentives	5900	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Student Health Services Above Amount							
Collected	6441	-	-	-	-	- '	_
Student Transportation	6491	-	-	-	-	- '	-
Noninstructional Staff - Retirees' Benefits							
and Retirement Incentives	6740	-	-	-	-	-	-
Objects to Exclude							
Rents and Leases	5060	-	-	-	1,350,147	- '	1,350,147
Lottery Expenditures							-
Academic Salaries	1000	2,745,424	-	2,745,424	3,456,543	- '	3,456,543
Classified Salaries	2000	134,234	-	134,234	1,500,864	- '	1,500,864
Employee Benefits	3000	508,175	-	508,175	874,837	_ '	874,837
Supplies and Materials	4000	-	-	-	-	- '	-
Software	4100	-	-	-	-	- '	-
Books, Magazines, and Periodicals	4200	-	-	-	-	- '	-
Instructional Supplies and Materials	4300	-	-	-	-	- '	-
Noninstructional Supplies and Materials	4400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Supplies and Materials		-	-	-	-	-	-

Reconciliation of *Education Code* Section 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2022

		ECS 84362 A Instructional Salary Cost AC 0100 - 5900 and AC 6110			ECS 84362 B Total CEE AC 0100 - 6799		
	Object/TOP	Reported	Audit	Revised	Reported	Audit	Revised
	Codes	Data	Adjustments	Data	Data	Adjustments	Data
Other Operating Expenses and Services Capital Outlay	5000 6000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Library Books	6300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment	6400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Additional	6410	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment - Replacement	6420	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Equipment		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Outlay							
Other Outgo	7000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Exclusions		3,387,833	-	3,387,833	7,182,391	-	7,182,391
Total for ECS 84362, 50% Law		\$ 176,302,077	\$ -	\$176,302,077	\$332,349,606	\$ -	\$332,349,606
Percent of CEE (Instructional Salary		, : : ; : : = ; 3 ; ;	•	, ::,::=,:::	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, ===,= :=,5
Cost/Total CEE)		53.05%		53.05%	100.00%		100.00%
50% of Current Expense of Education					\$166,174,803		\$ 166,174,803

Activity Classification	Object Code			Unres	trict	ed
EPA Revenue:	8630				\$	88,562,769
		Salaries	Operating			
	Activity	and Benefits	Expenses	Capital Outlay		
Activity Classification	Code	(Obj 1000-3000)	(Obj 4000-5000)	(Obj 6000)		Total
Instructional Activities	1000-5900	\$ 88,562,769	\$ -	\$ -	\$	88,562,769
Total Expenditures for EPA		\$ 88,562,769	\$ -	\$ -	\$	88,562,769
Revenues Less Expenditures					\$	-

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because

Total fund balance General Funds Special Revenue Funds Capital Project Funds Debt Service Funds Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds Fiduciary Funds		144,499,098 16,429,038 346,170,034 54,290,614 1,544,211 1,140,193 144,254,759	
Total fund balance - all District funds			\$ 708,327,947
Amounts held in trust on behalf of others (OPEB Trust and Custodial Funds)	)		(144,254,759)
The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) asset results from the difference between annual OPEB cost on the accrual basis and OPEB contributions in the governmental funds.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources are therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	nd,		19,394,381
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is Less: capital assets already recorded in proprietary funds		(255,914,060 (493,139,602) (69,393)	
Total capital assets, net			762,705,065
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the District's funds. Deferred outflows of resources at year-end consist of:  Deferred outflows of resources related to debt refunding Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		3,766,597 13,629,607 75,559,657	
Total deferred outflows of resources			92,955,861

Reconciliation of Government Funds to the Statement of Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

General obligation bonds \$ (533,574,200)

Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability - MPP (1,392,487)

Aggregate net pension liability (221,578,796)

Total long-term liabilities \$ (756,545,483)

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position in a future period and is not reported in the District's funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (14,652,619)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (171,999,383)

Total deferred inflows of resources (186,652,002)

Total net position \$ 495,931,010

### Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

### **District Organization**

This schedule provides information about the District's governing board members, administration members, and auxiliary organizations in good standing as of June 30, 2022.

### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

#### Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

### **Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards includes the State grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented to comply with reporting requirements of the California State Chancellor's Office.

### Schedule of Workload Measures for State General Apportionment Annual (Actual) Attendance

FTES is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds, including restricted categorical funding, are made to community college districts. This schedule provides information regarding the annual attendance measurements of students throughout the District.

### Reconciliation of Education Code Section 84362 (50 Percent Law) Calculation

ECS 84362 requires the District to expend a minimum of 50% of the unrestricted General Fund monies on salaries of classroom instructors. This is reported annually to the State Chancellor's Office. This schedule provides a reconciliation of the amount reported to the State Chancellor's Office and the impact of any audit adjustments and/or corrections noted during the audit.

### Proposition 30 Education Protection Account (EPA) Expenditure Report

This schedule provides the District's summary of receipts and uses of the monies received through the EPA proceeds.

### Reconciliation of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

This schedule provides a reconciliation of the adjustments necessary to bring the District's internal fund financial statements, prepared on a modified accrual basis, to the government-wide full accrual basis financial statements required under GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 business-type activities reporting model.



Independent Auditor's Reports June 30, 2022

Los Rios Community College District



## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Los Rios Community College District Sacramento, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Los Rios Community College District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2022.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

sde Saelly LLP

December 5, 2022



# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Los Rios Community College District Sacramento, California

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Los Rios Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
  for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control
  over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

sde Saelly LLP

December 5, 2022



### **Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance**

Board of Trustees Los Rios Community College District Sacramento, California

### **Report on State Compliance**

We have audited Los Rios Community College District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* applicable to the state laws and regulations listed in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### **Unmodified Opinion**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the State programs noted in the table below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the standards and procedures identified in the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our responsibilities under those standards and the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on state compliance with the compliance requirements subject to audit in the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed in the table below has occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements listed in the table below.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any material noncompliance with the requirements listed in the table below that we identified during the audit.

### **Compliance Requirements Tested**

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with State laws and regulations applicable to the following:

SCFF Data Management Control Environment
SCFF Supplemental Allocation Metrics
SCFF Success Allocation Metrics
Salaries of Classroom Instructors (50 Percent Law)
Apportionment for Activities Funded From Other Sources
Student Centered Funding Formula Base Allocation: FTES
Residency Determination for Credit Courses
Students Actively Enrolled
Dual Enrollment (CCAP)
Scheduled Maintenance Program
Gann Limit Calculation
Apprenticeship Related and Supplemental Instruction (RSI) Funds
Disabled Student Programs and Services (DSPS)
Propositions 1D and 51 State Bond Funded Projects
Education Protection Account Funds
Student Representation Fee
COVID-19 Response Block Grant Expenditures

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the 2021-2022 California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office *Contracted District Audit Manual*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Sally LLP

December 5, 2022



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2022

Los Rios Community College District

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

### **FEDERAL AWARDS**

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for programs:

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a):

### **Identification of major programs:**

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/ Federal CFDA Number
TRIO Cluster	84.042A, 84.044A, 84.047
COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds, Student Aid Portion COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds,	84.425E
Institutional Portion COVID-19: Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds,	84.425F
Minority Serving Institutions	84.425L
Career and Technical Education Act (CTEA), Title I, Part C	84.048A
COVID-19: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$3,000,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
STATE COMPLIANCE	

No

Unmodified

## Los Rios Community College District Financial Statement Findings and Recommendations Year Ended June 30, 2022

None reported.

None reported.

None reported.

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.